

Liquid Extraction Surface Analysis (LESA™) Combined with Automated nESI-MS/MS as a Novel Tool in the Bioanalytical Laboratory

Introduction

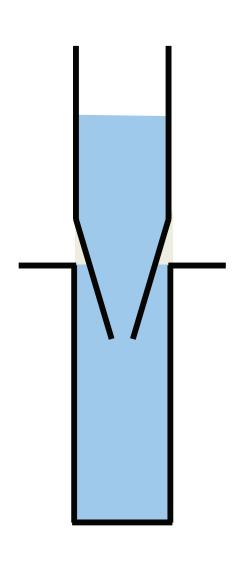
- Liquid Extraction Surface Analysis (LESA) is a novel surface analysis technique based on automated, online solvent extraction and nESI-MS (1)
- Here we present LESA applied to two bioanalytical challenges: Dried Blood Spot (DBS) analysis and small molecule profiling from thin tissue sections



TriVersa NanoMate® robotic nanoESI source from Advion BioSystems, Inc., Ithaca, NY USA

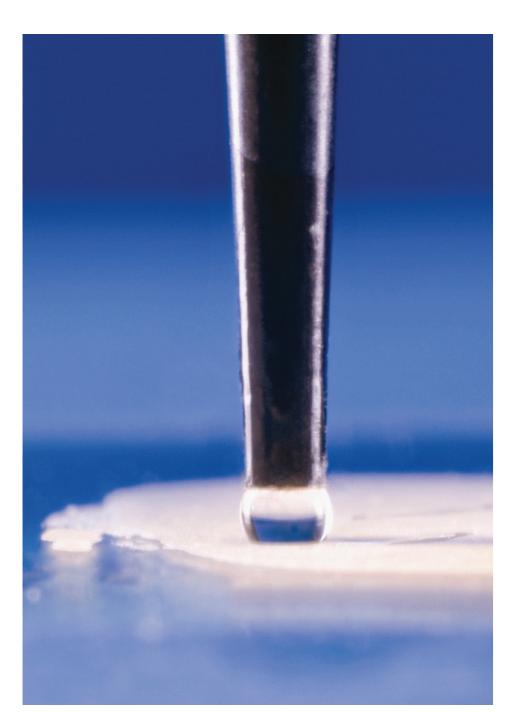
LESA Schematic Workflow

Step 1: Solvent Delivery Disposable tip picks up extraction solvent at reservoir

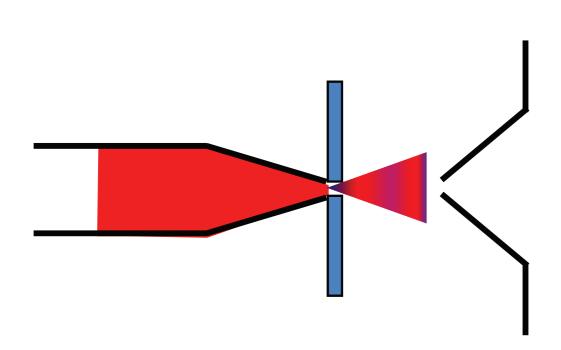


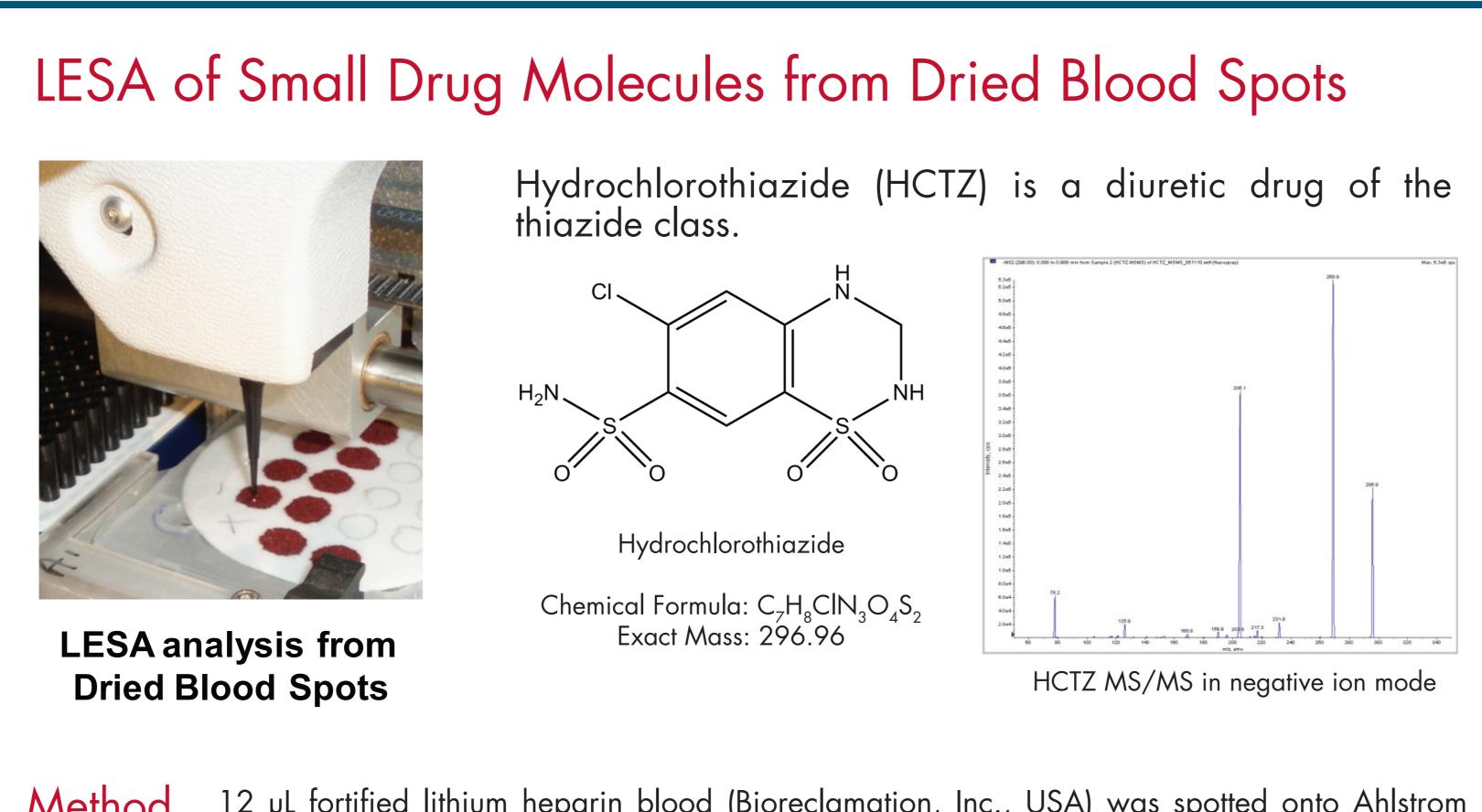
Step 2: Analyte Fx

Analyte Extraction Robot places extraction solvent on target and initiates aspirate/dispense cycles for analyte extraction



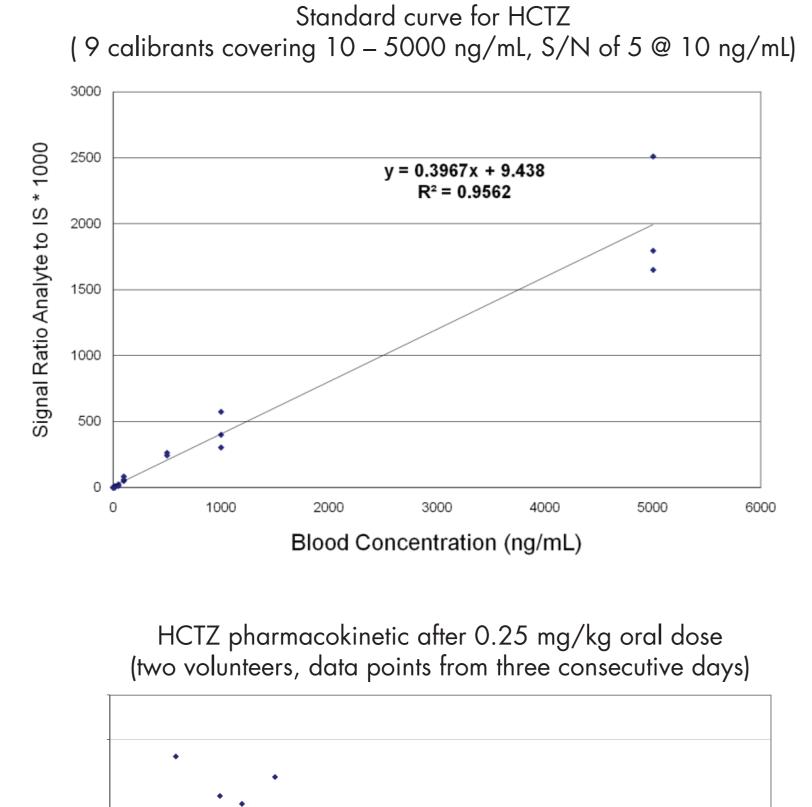
Step 3: Analyte Ionization Robot aspirates extracted analytes from target and initiates electrospray at a 400-nozzle nanoESI chip

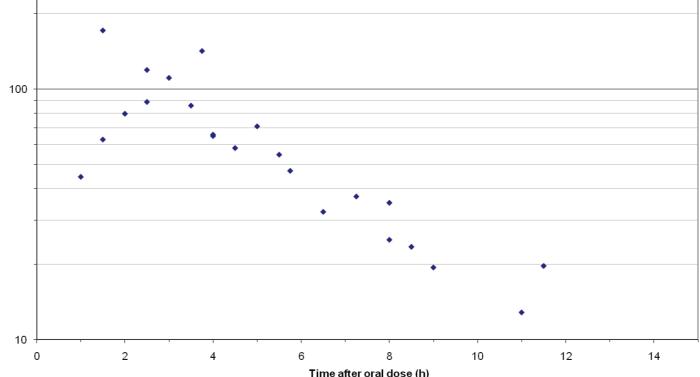




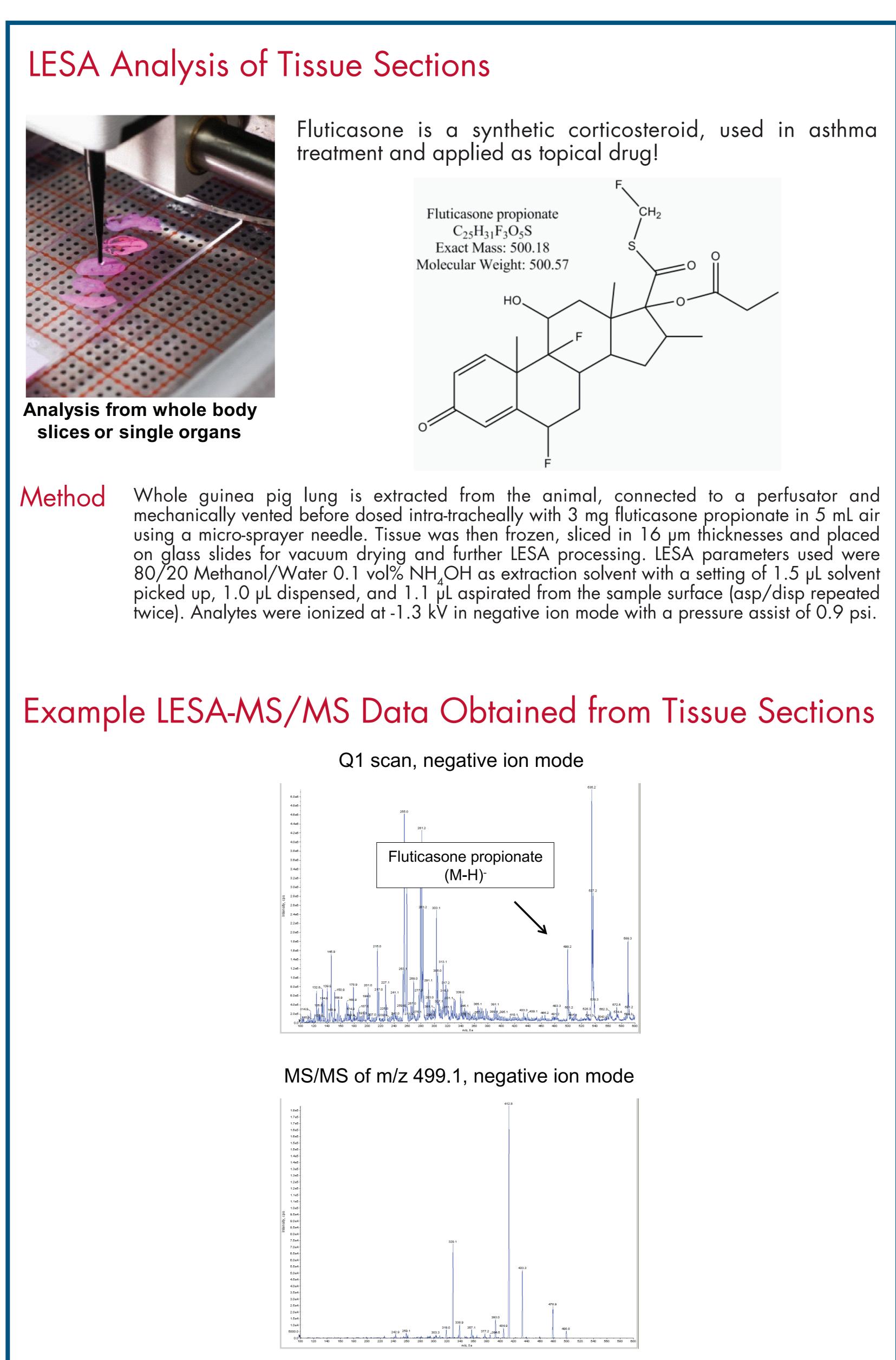
Method 12 µL fortified lithium heparin blood (Bioreclamation, Inc., USA) was spotted onto Ahlstrom 237 filter paper and dried for 2 hours at room temperature (standard curve range: 10-5,000 ng/mL). DBS samples were mounted on a 96-well plate via tape and spray-coated/soaked with silicone (Dead Down Wind, LLC, MO, USA) and Kiwi Camp Dry spray (Sara Lee Household and Body Care, PA, USA) followed by drying for 1 hour at room temperature (2). Analyte was then extracted using 80/20 MeOH/water 0.1 vol% NH₄OH with 50 ng/mL HCTZ-IS (position 13 carries ¹³CD₂) and electrosprayed at ca. 300 nL/min, negative ion mode detection at 1.3 kV using SRM for HCTZ (295.9/268.9) and its stable lable internal standard (298.9/271.9).

HCTZ Direct LESA DBS Analysis



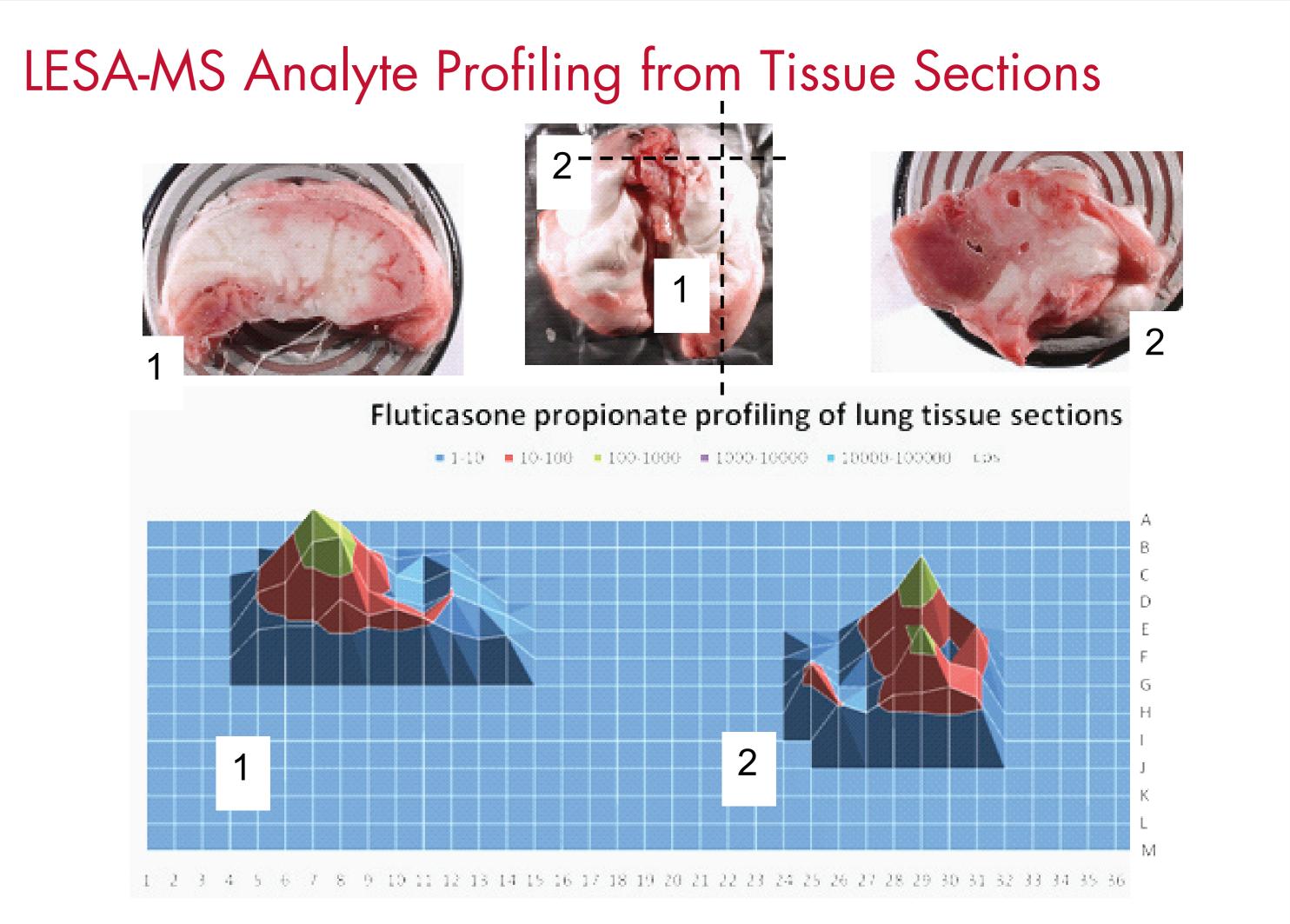


Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) can be directly quantified from silicone-treated DBS media with an LOQ of 10 ng/mL. Method development is rapid due to elimination of off-line extraction method and LC separation.



Example data obtained from tissue spot: strong precursor ion signal in negative ion mode and excellent MS/MS data to identify fluticasone propionate.

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Surface analysis of fluticasone (SRM transition 499.1/413.0, logarithmic intensity scale) shows spatial distribution of compound in bronchial part of the lung tissue.

Summary

- Liquid Extraction Surface Analysis (LESA) is a new and versatile tool in the bioanalytical laboratory
- The TriVersa NanoMate from Advion BioSystems, Inc., is a commercially available instrument for LESA analysis that combines LESA with nanoelectrospray ionization for mass spectrometry
- LESA allows direct analysis from Dried Blood Spot (DBS) media with good sensitivity and rapid method development times for small molecule quantification (e.g. HCTZ)
- LESA also provides spatial information for drug distribution studies in tissue sections and allows for drug profiling with a resolution of ca. 1 mm
- Other areas of use (data not shown) are small molecule analysis from thin layer chromatography (TLC) plates (3) and hemoglobin protein variant analysis from dried blood spots (4)

Literature and Acknowledgements

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- 2. Stankovich, J. J.; Walworth, M.J.; Kertesz, V.; King, R. and Van Berkel, G. J.: Liquid Microjunction Surface Sampling Probe Analysis of Dried Blood Spots using an Automated Chip-Based Nano-ESI Infusion Device. 58th ASMS 2010 Salt Lake City, oral presentation in session 'Increasing Throughput for ADME and PK Assays.'
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