# Identification of HPLC-Fractionated Tryptic Peptides Using the NanoMate™ 100 System



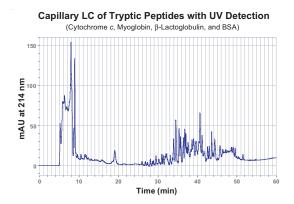
# Ultimate "Peak Parking" by Fractionation

Advion BioSciences, Inc. (Ithaca, NY) has demonstrated use of the NanoMate™ 100 system for protein identification from fractionated tryptic digests of a protein mixture by nanoelectrospray mass spectrometry. The NanoMate 100 is an automated sample-handling system coupled with the ESI Chip™ (a 10 x 10 array of nanoelectrospray nozzles etched in silicon).

Proteomic studies currently use various separation techniques followed by on-line, nanoscale, full-scan LC/MS/MS analysis of tryptic digests. While this approach works well, its drawbacks include relatively long runs and special techniques such as "peak parking" to obtain the best data. Using Advion's nanoscale technique, capillary LC fractions from tryptic digests of protein mixtures are collected off-line and the fractions analyzed by automated nanoelectrospray ionization mass spectrometry.

### **Methods**

A standard protein mixture of BSA, myoglobin, β-lactoglobulin, and cytochrome *c* was denatured in 6 M guanidine-HCl and digested by trypsin. The tryptic digests were separated by capillary LC.



### **HPLC Conditions**

Column: PepMap<sup>TM</sup>  $C_{18}$  (300  $\mu$ m i.d.by

15 cm, 3-μm particles)

HPLC System: UltiMate<sup>™</sup> capillary nano HPLC

Gradient: 8 minutes, 0% B

68 minutes, 90% B

Mobile Phase A: 5% CH<sub>3</sub>CN (v/v) in water with

0.1%TFA

Mobile Phase B: 80% CH<sub>3</sub>CN (v/v) in water with

0.1%TFA

Flow Rate: 3 µL/minute

Fractions: Collected over 1-minute

intervals

### Nanoelectrospray MS and Database Search

Instruments: NanoMate 100 and ESI Chip

Spray Voltage: 1.4 kV

Flow Rate: 100 nL/minute

Acquisition

Time: 1.5 minutes

Scan Modes: MS survey scan and data-

dependent MS/MS scan

### **Results**

Fractionated samples (3  $\mu$ L) were collected and analyzed by the NanoMate system over a period of 1.5 minutes. MS/MS analyses of all fractions were complete in 90 minutes. Several peptides were identified within each fraction for each of the proteins digested. An example of the data from the fractions taken from 34 to 40 minutes is shown below.

# NanoMate ESI — MS/MS Analysis of the Fractions from 34 to 40 minutes

Time Fragments (min) (Position in Protein)		Sequences of Peptides	
34-35	BSA 257-263 CYT 40-53 CYT 9-13	LVTDLTK TGQAPGFTYTDANK • IFVQK	
35-36	MYO 32-42 MYO 51-56 BSA 35-44 BSA 249-256 β-LAC 1-8	LFTGHPETLEK TEAEMK FKDLGEEHFK AEFVEVTK LIVTQTMK	
36-37	CYT 56-60 MYO 32-42 MYO 17-31	GITWK LFTGHPETLEK VEADIAGHGQEVLIR	
37-38	MYO 17-31 MYO 148-153 BSA 402-412 BSA 437-451 β-LAC 108-117	VEADIACHGQEVLIR ELGFQG HLVDEPONLIK KVPQVSTPTLVEVSR VLVLDTDYKK	
38-39	β-LAC 94-99 BSA 161-167 BSA 438-451	IPAVFK YLYEIAR VPQVSTPTLVEVSR	
39-40 CYT 28-38 β-LAC 108-116		TGPNLHGLFGR VLVLDTDYK	

A representative peptide, identified in the 34 to 35 minute fraction, matched a peptide for cytochrome *c* (peptide TGQAPGFTYTDANK).

## **Protein Coverage**

100% of the tryptic peptides greater than 500 Da were identified for cytochrome c by this method. In addition, 80% of the tryptic peptides greater than 500 Da were identified for myoglobin.

### Cytochrome c tryptic peptides greater than 500 Da

	*		
Peptide	Mass	Peptide Sequence	Retention Time
Position			of Fraction (min)
1 - 5	589.2	Acetyl-GDVEK	15 - 16
74 - 79	678.4	YIPGTK	31 - 32
40 - 53	1470.7	TGQAPGFTYTDANK	33 - 35
9 - 13	634.4	IFVQK	33 - 35
56 - 60	604.3	GITWK	36 - 37
28 - 38	1168.6	TGPNLHGLFGR	39 - 40
80 - 86	779.4	MIFAGIK	40 - 41
14 - 22	1634.5	Heme-CAQCHTVEK	41 - 42
92 - 99	964.5	EDLIAYLK	43 - 44
61 - 72	1495.7	EETLMEYLENPK	42 - 45

### Summary

The NanoMate 100 System has demonstrated utility as a nanoelectrospray platform for rapid analysis of separated samples via 100% coverage found for cytochrome *c*. High-quality MS/MS data were obtained for each fraction with 1.5-minute acquisition times containing as many as five tryptic fragments, and yielding unambiguous identification of the target proteins.

## **Advantages**

- · Analysis is not time sensitive.
- Short analysis can be used for screening.
  Long analysis allows for mining of lowabundance proteins.
- Signal intensity does not change with time.
- Sample fractions can be saved and archived.
- MS time is conserved. Analyze only the peak elution window of interest.
- The decoupling of chromatography from MS/ MS acquisition allows for greater flexibility and speed of analysis.

### **Acknowledgments**

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